



The role of the General Directorate of Anti-Corruption

The General Directorate of Anti-Corruption is the technical structure, at the central level, responsible for the drafting, coordination, implementation and monitoring of anti-corruption policies in Albania.

The General Directorate of Anti-Corruption drafts and follows the strategic framework against corruption, the preparation of the legal framework against corruption, the drafting and implementation of integrity mechanisms, policies and activities of awareness and education against corruption. It is also responsible for carrying out the verification (administrative investigation) of denunciations/complaints for abusive, corrupt or arbitrary practices for the implementation of legality, as well as the identification of employees of public institutions who commit abuse of office. The General Directorate of Anti-Corruption coordinates the referral mechanism of the Anti-Corruption Coordinators.

The electronic bulletin is a communication tool that aims to inform about the main activities, initiatives and developments in the field of the fight against corruption, providing a monthly summary of the work of the institution.

Activities throughout the month of May, 2026

Anti-corruption commitments of the National Action Plan for the Open Government Partnership, 2026-2030, presented

19.05.2026: The General Directorate of Anti-Corruption completed the process of co-drafting commitments in the field of the fight against corruption, within the framework of the National Action Plan for the Open Government Partnership, 2026-2030. In an online meeting with civil society organizations and public institutions involved in the process, the General Directorate of Anti-Corruption presented the three proposed commitments, drafted through a consultative and collaborative process with interest groups. The commitments focus on expanding corruption prevention instruments through systematic corruption risk assessment (1), promoting transparency and civil society participation in public decision-making (2), and including and developing integrity topics in the pre-university education curriculum (3). In total, the proposed commitments include 22 concrete measures with the participation of executive power institutions, constitutional and independent institutions, and public enterprises. During the meeting, further steps for the finalization of the National Action Plan and the importance of continuing cooperation with civil society organizations were discussed, including in the implementation and monitoring phase of commitments.



GDAC and ASLSG collaborate to draft the "Methodology for Integrity Risk Assessment in Local Self-Government Units"

11.05.2026: The General Directorate of Anti-Corruption and the Local Self-Government Support Agency have pooled their technical expertise to draft the "Methodology for Assessing Integrity Risk in Local Self-Government Units". By joint order of the Minister of State for Public Administration and Anti-Corruption and the Minister of State for Local Government, a working group has been established to draft the document, which will guide the assessment of integrity risk in municipalities and regions. For this purpose, the first working meeting was held, which marked the start of the process for drafting a standardized methodology that will support local self-government units in identifying and assessing integrity risks, as well as in planning measures to prevent corruption and strengthen institutional integrity. During the meeting, areas and processes with risk at the local level, the findings and recommendations of existing reports, as well as the methodological approach that will be followed for drafting the document were discussed. The members of the working group agreed to continue the work on the basic integrity risk factors, the drafting of the work calendar and the inclusion of relevant expertise in the draft consultation process. The methodology is expected to contribute to the strengthening of integrity mechanisms and the increase of the capacities of local self-government units for the management of integrity risks and the prevention of corruption. The methodology will be supported by the technical assistance of the Council of Europe in cooperation with the Embassy of Switzerland in Tirana.

The General Directorate of Anti-Corruption processes 7 administrative measures and 6 recommendations for improving procedures against public administration officials

1-29.05.2026: The activity of the General Directorate of Anti-Corruption in the field of investigation and administrative verification continues with the verification of cases (complaints/denunciations) forwarded by citizens and Anti-Corruption Coordinators. During May 2026, the General Directorate of Anti-Corruption concluded 2 final reports through which it proposed 7 administrative measures and 6 recommendations for employees of public authorities where it exercises the functions of anti-corruption coordinator. These measures are mainly addressed to employees of the Local Directorates of the State Cadastre Agency. 2 of the administrative measures are proposed for the current head of the institution and its former head. Meanwhile, the recommendations address issues of an administrative nature and have focused mainly on improving law enforcement, reviewing and updating the internal regulatory framework, guaranteeing the provision of public services within legal deadlines, as well as increasing the quality of services provided to citizens and the public.

Report cases of corruption to the General Directorate of Anti-Corruption at the following address: koordinatori.ak@dpak.gov.al



From policies to implementation: the "GoEthics 2.0" project begins implementation

6.05.2026: The implementation of the "GoEthics 2.0" project, an initiative of the Minister of State for Public Administration and Anti-Corruption, in close partnership with the Institute for Democracy and Mediation, is underway. The project launch meeting brought together representatives of public institutions, international partners and civil society organizations to discuss the challenges and opportunities for strengthening institutional integrity and ethical governance in the public sector. The focus of the discussions was the importance of moving from policies to implementation, through the use of integrity instruments and strengthening monitoring and accountability mechanisms. The "GoEthics 2.0" project aims to support the development and implementation of Integrity Plans in the institutions of: INSTAT, the Competition Authority, the Public Procurement Agency, ATRAKO, the State Inspectorate for Market Supervision, the Albanian Post and the Transmission System Operator. Through cooperation between public institutions, oversight bodies and civil society, the project aims to contribute to increasing transparency, strengthening institutional integrity and public trust in public administration. "GoEthics 2.0" is implemented with the financial support of the Embassy of Sweden in Albania.

Strengthening the culture of legality among young people; open information hour at the "Ali Demi" school, Vlora

19.05.2026: The General Directorate of Anti-Corruption successfully concluded the three-year project "Education against corruption", implemented within the framework of the cooperation agreement between the National Anti-Corruption Coordinator, the Ministry of Education and the Embassy of Italy in Albania. "Education against corruption" enabled the promotion of a culture of legality and responsible citizenship for the prevention of corruption, for students of the 10th grade. The activities and information classes were concluded in the city of Vlora, with the development of an open lesson at the "Ali Demi" school. During the conversation with the students, topics related to integrity, ethics, respect for rules and civic responsibility were addressed, emphasizing the importance of early education in the formation of conscious and engaged citizens. Through interactive discussions, practical examples and the exchange of ideas, the students were encouraged to reflect on the promotion of honesty, integrity and civic response to phenomena that violate public trust and democratic values.

