



The role of the General Directorate of Anti-Corruption

The General Directorate of Anti-Corruption is the technical structure, at the central level, responsible for the drafting, coordination, implementation and monitoring of anti-corruption policies in Albania.

The General Directorate of Anti-Corruption drafts and follows the strategic framework against corruption, the preparation of the legal framework against corruption, the drafting and implementation of integrity mechanisms, policies and activities of awareness and education against corruption. It is also responsible for carrying out the verification (administrative investigation) of denunciations/complaints for abusive, corrupt or arbitrary practices for the implementation of legality, as well as the identification of employees of public institutions who commit abuse of office. The General Directorate of Anti-Corruption coordinates the referral mechanism of the Anti-Corruption Coordinators.

The electronic bulletin is a communication tool that aims to inform about the main activities, initiatives and developments in the field of the fight against corruption, providing a monthly summary of the work of the institution..

Activities during the month of August, 2026

Progress in Monitoring the Implementation of the Cross-Sectoral Anti-Corruption Strategy 2024–2030

3-31.08.2026: The General Directorate of Anti-Corruption continued its work on drafting the Monitoring Report on the implementation of the Cross-Sectoral Anti-Corruption Strategy 2024–2030 and its Action Plan, for the first half of 2026. The Monitoring Report constitutes an important instrument for the periodic assessment of progress in the implementation of the strategic objectives, measures and activities foreseen in the Cross-Sectoral Anti-Corruption Strategy 2024–2030 and the Action Plan 2024–2026. Through this document, the aim is to provide a clear overview of the progress of implementation, as well as to identify challenges, possible delays and needs for improvement, with a view to further guiding anti-corruption policies and measures. In this context, the Network of Anti-Corruption Contact Points within the responsible institutions continued the process of reporting and completing information on the implementation of the measures and activities of the Action Plan 2024–2026, for the first half of 2026. In parallel, the General Directorate of Anti-Corruption continued the process of processing, verifying and consolidating the information submitted by the responsible institutions. The process included the review of the reported data and the assessment of their compliance with the measures and activities set out in the Action Plan, with the aim of creating a consolidated basis for the analysis of the progress achieved. The Monitoring Report will be approved within September 2026 by the Anti-Corruption Thematic Team. A preliminary assessment of the process indicates a very good level of implementation in relation to the planning of measures for implementation, approximately 90%. The completion of this process will contribute to strengthening institutional accountability and transparency, to the systematic follow-up of the commitments set out in the Cross-Sectoral Anti-Corruption Strategy 2024–2030 and to guiding the next steps for the effective implementation of anti-corruption policies, as well as the new Anti-Corruption Action Plan 2027–2030.



Procedural compliance, the provision of public services and lawfulness in decision-making: The focus of administrative verification

3-31.08.2026: The General Directorate of Anti-Corruption continued to follow up on suspected cases of corruption through administrative verifications and investigations, addressing complaints and reports administered by its administrative investigation and verification structure, as well as by the Anti-Corruption Coordinators. The verifications during this month focused on cases related to non-compliance with administrative procedures, exceeding or failure to exercise competences, lack of transparency in decision-making, delays in the provision of public services and other issues that undermine the integrity of the public administration. Following the analysis of the documentation and evidence administered, as well as the assessment of the nature of the violations identified, their impact on the functioning of the institution and the individual responsibility of the employees involved, during August the General Directorate of Anti-Corruption concluded 5 (five) final reports concerning DVASHK Shkodër, DVASHK Sarandë and the National Inspectorate for Territorial Protection, through which it proposed 19 disciplinary measures. In fulfilment of its preventive role, the General Directorate of Anti-Corruption provided recommendations for improving institutional practices and strengthening integrity mechanisms. In the final report for July, 17 recommendations were proposed, of which 12 address issues of an administrative nature and relate to specific procedures, 4 address issues of an organisational nature, while 1 recommendation was aimed at strengthening capacities, with the objective of strengthening internal management mechanisms and increasing institutional effectiveness.

Report cases of corruption to the General Directorate of Anti-Corruption at the following address: koordinatori.ak@dpak.gov.al

